

## Strategy Description

Style: Alternative Equity

Inception: January 2022

Risk Profile: Growth

New Horizons is designed to offer investors exposure to those areas of the economy that are considered cutting-edge and poised for growth. Each week, the strategy uses a proprietary momentum-based indicator to measure and rank a universe of over 25 ETFs. The objective is to invest in the strongest performing areas. Issues represented in the fund universe include 'disruptive themes' such as Space, Metaverse, Clean Energy, Robotics, Blockchain and Electric Vehicles.

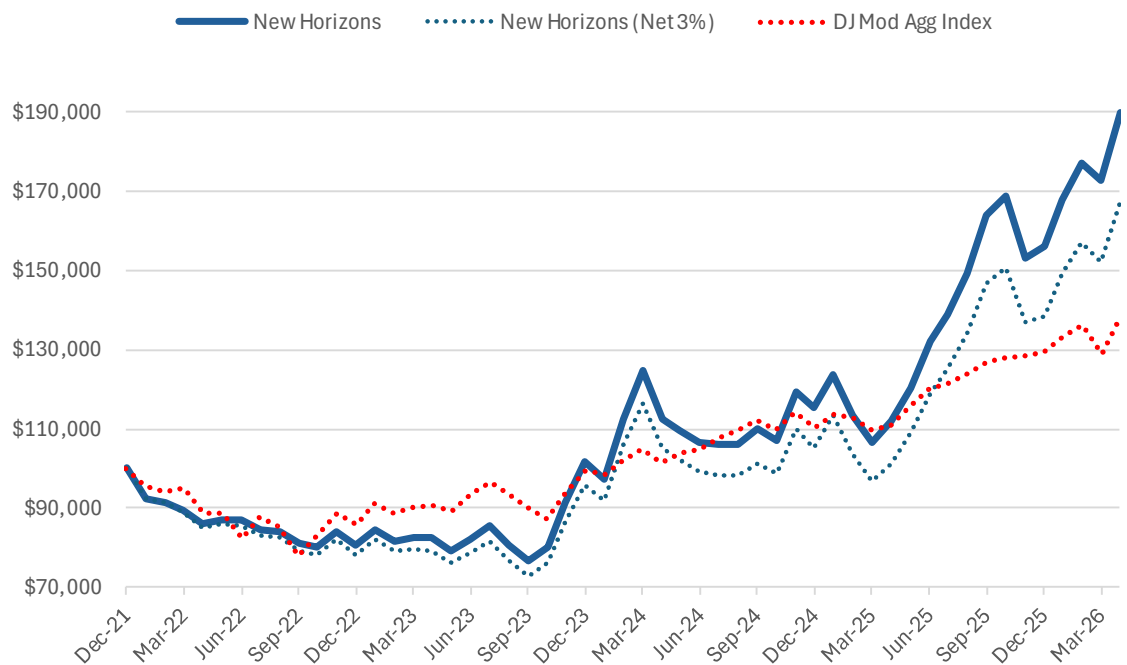
While New Horizons is designed to maintain exposure to its equity fund universe the majority of the time, it is possible for the strategy to invest in ultrashort bond funds during periods of extreme market weakness. Because the fund universe represents several noncorrelated areas of the market, historical testing has shown this will happen infrequently. New Horizons should be considered a growth strategy based on the fact that it will experience above average volatility. Testing has shown that it is not overly correlated with major equity indexes, and as such, may complement traditional equity-based portfolios.

## Strategy Highlights

- ETFs representing several sectors involved in the “new economy”.
- Focused portfolio of five positions, with no more than two in any one sector.
- Strategy may increase exposure to defensive holdings.
- Positions are reviewed on a weekly basis.
- As the economy continues to evolve, new sectors may be added.

## Hypothetical Growth of \$100,000

Inception Date: January 2022



## Performance

	YTD	1-Yr	3-Yr	Since Inception	Since Inception*
<b>New Horizons</b>	21.7%	69.8%	32.0%	15.9%	89.8%
<b>New Horizons (Net 3%)</b>	20.8%	64.9%	28.2%	12.6%	67.2%
<b>Dow Jones Moderate Agg Index</b>	6.6%	24.4%	15.0%	7.3%	37.8%

Performance through April 30, 2026 \*Total returns, otherwise returns are annualized.

### Reward Statistics

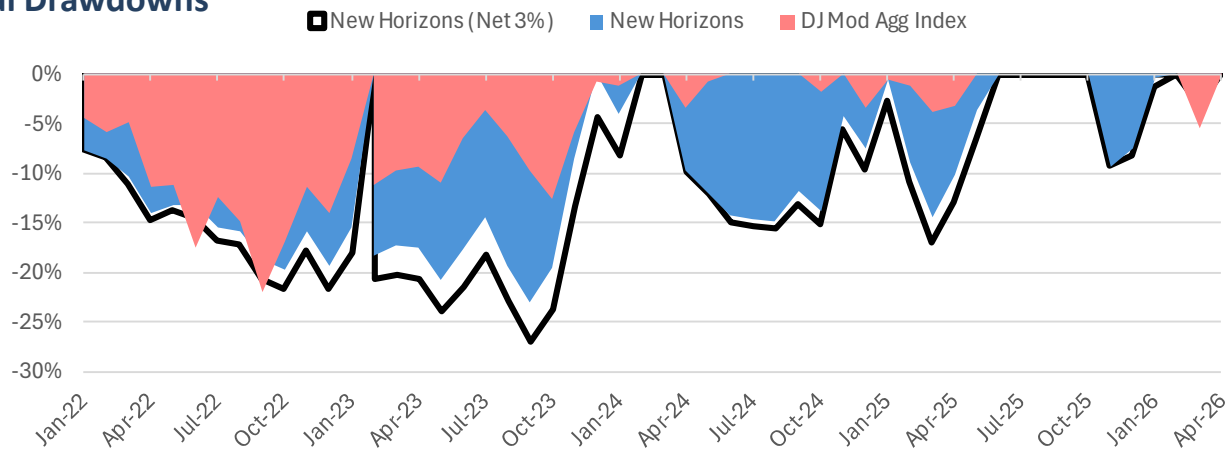
	New Horizons	New Horizons (Net 3%)	Dow Jones Moderate Agg Index
<b>Return</b>	15.9%	12.6%	7.3%
<b>Average Gain</b>	6.8%	6.6%	3.0%
<b>Up Deviation</b>	13.1%	13.3%	7.3%
<b>Alpha</b>	8.1%	4.7%	-
<b>Up Capture</b>	144%	137%	-
<b>Down Capture</b>	107%	115%	-

### Risk Statistics

	New Horizons	New Horizons (Net 3%)	Dow Jones Moderate Agg Index
<b>Std Deviation</b>	21.3%	21.4%	13.1%
<b>Down Deviation</b>	9.4%	9.4%	7.2%
<b>Max Drawdown</b>	-23.0%	-27.0%	-22.0%
<b>Average Loss</b>	-3.6%	-3.8%	-3.5%
<b>Sharpe Ratio</b>	0.70	0.50	0.40
<b>Beta</b>	1.07	1.08	-

Since Inception, calculations based on monthly data. Sharpe Ratio and Alpha assume 2% as a risk-free rate.

### Historical Drawdowns



### Thematic Exposure (YTD)

February 28, 2026	March 31, 2026	April 30, 2026
Battery Tech	Battery Tech	Bio Tech
Lithium	Lithium	Space Exploration
Rare Metals	Clean Energy	Clean Energy
Robotics	Solar	Rare Metals
Space Exploration	Electric Vehicles	Disruptive Tech

### Calendar Year Performance

	New Horizons	New Horizons (Net 3%)	Dow Jones Moderate Agg Index
<b>YTD '26</b>	21.7%	20.8%	6.6%
<b>2025</b>	35.4%	31.5%	17.0%
<b>2024</b>	13.4%	10.1%	11.3%
<b>2023</b>	26.0%	22.3%	15.6%
<b>2022</b>	-19.4%	-21.8%	-15.6%

Performance through April 30, 2026

## Disclosures

Performance results shown are both gross of fees and net of a 3% fee. Actual deducted fees will vary by platform. Fees of anything less than Q3's maximum rate may not reflect the impact that fees have on the compounding effect of returns. With the inclusion of fees, the actual return would be lower than the performance quoted. Annual returns are compounded monthly. Performance between selected dates may be misleading and may not be able to be achieved in the future.

All calculations are based on time-weighted geometrically linked returns. Data for strategies is derived from "model account performance." The selection of "model accounts" is based on the longevity of the account along with identifying those accounts with minimal additions and withdrawals. It is possible that a model account will change based on a number of factors including the termination of the original model account, withdrawals, or a strategy change. For most strategies, model accounts are representative of an account held by a principal of Q3 and custodied at Axos Advisor Services. To the extent that a model account holds any of Q3's proprietary funds, the full management fee of the fund(s) is credited back to the account. On any platform for which fee credits do not occur, actual performance results may be slightly lower than what's illustrated in this report. Q3 may have had a minimal portion of total assets in a particular strategy over certain time periods. Factors that may negatively impact performance expectations include the size of the account, commissions charged and where the account is held. Performance for taxable accounts would be negatively affected had taxes been deducted. As individual account types and tax rates vary, taxes are not considered in the results shown. For illustration purposes, fees are deducted from each quarter end month, while actual advisory fees are deducted approximately two weeks after each quarter end month. Depending on the performance of the model between these two dates, it's possible that the model account achieves a slightly better or worse rate of return, however, such differences are expected to be negligible.

No representation is being made that any client will or is likely to achieve results similar to those presented herein. Algorithms associated with our investment strategies are monitored regularly. While infrequent, Q3 may adjust the algorithm and/ or fund universe of a strategy in an effort to make improvements. This presentation is provided for informational purposes only and there is no assurance objectives will be realized. While fact sheets may provide general investment information from sources deemed reliable it is in no way a solicitation to buy or sell any security. Certain strategies may include an element of discretion, which may result in trades that deviate from signals generated by the model. Q3 may work with unaffiliated third parties in the development and implementation of certain strategies. In such a case, Q3 may rely on data provided by the third-party. While such data is believed to be reliable and accurate, Q3 cannot guarantee that to be the case. There is risk of loss with all of Q3's investment strategies and such strategies may not be suitable for all investors. For a list of all recommendations made in the preceding 12 months please contact our office. No graph, chart, formula, or other device can, in and of itself, be used to determine which securities to buy or sell, or when to buy or sell such securities, or can assist persons in making those decisions. Past performance is not indicative of future results.

## Definitions

**Alpha:** Measures the difference between the investment's returns and expected performance given its level of risk (as measured by beta). A positive alpha indicates the investment has performed better than its beta would predict. A negative alpha indicates the investment has underperformed.

**Standard Deviation:** Measures the volatility associated with an investment. The higher the figure, the more volatility. If an investment has an annual return of 10% and a standard deviation of 15%, one might conclude the "average range" of the return would be -5% to 25% (10% +/- 15%).

**Upside/Downside Deviation:** Measures the Standard Deviation of only the up/down periods.

**Max Drawdown:** Measures the largest negative change in value of an investment, from its highest peak to its lowest valley.

**Sharpe Ratio:** Also referred to as "risk-adjusted return." It is calculated by subtracting a "risk-free" rate (2%) from the annualized rate of return (of the investment) and then dividing this figure by the standard deviation. The higher the number, the better.

**Beta:** Measures volatility of an investment in comparison to a benchmark. It can be thought of as the tendency of the investment's returns to respond to swings in the benchmark. A beta of 1 indicates that it should move similar to the benchmark. A positive number less than 1 means it should be less volatile than the benchmark. Greater than 1 means it should be more volatile than the benchmark. A negative beta means that there could be inverse correlation between the investment and the benchmark.

**Up/Down Capture Ratio:** Measures the relative performance of an investment in up/down periods. For example, an upside ratio of 120% means that the investment returned 120% of the benchmark's return during up periods. Up Ratios of over 100% are desirable, and Down Ratios under 100% are desirable.

**Model Account Inception:** The date that a model account was first used to generate performance data. In all cases, model account data is reflective of an account held at Axos Advisor Services.